

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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(71)Applicant : ARAKAWA CHEM IND CO LTD

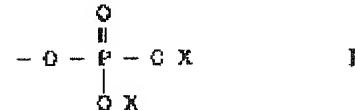
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(72)Inventor : OSADA TADASHI
NAGANO HITOSHI
KOTAKI TAKASHI

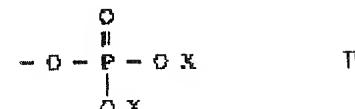
(54) PRODUCTION OF PAPER OF PAPERBOARD

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To obtain a paper or a paperboard, good in fixing property to a pulp and excellent in paper force strength by making the paper after adding a (meth)acrylamide-based water dispersible high molecular weight material containing a specific phosphoric acid group to the pulp slurry containing a prescribed amount of calcium ion.



SOLUTION: This method for producing a paper or a paperboard comprises making the paper after adding preferably 0.1-1wt.% (based on the solid portion of a pulp) (meth)acrylamide-based water dispersible high molecular weight material containing a phosphoric acid group of formula I (X is H, a 1-4C hydrocarbon or an alkali metal) as a paper force strength reinforcing agent to the pulp slurry containing 50-5000ppm calcium ion. Further, the (meth)acrylamide- based water dispersible high molecular weight material containing the phosphoric acid group is preferably a water dispersible high molecular weight material consisting of (meth)acrylamide and a monomer containing phosphoric acid group of formula II (X is H, a 1-6C hydrocarbon or an alkali metal) as main constituting components. Also, pH of the paper making system can be applicable from an acid region to an alkaline region.



	組成(モル%)				
	AM	アニオン性モノマー	カチオン性モノマー	リン酸基含有モノマー	その他のモノマー等
製造例1	96.0	—	—	PM 4	—
製造例2	92.0	AA 2	DMAPAA 4	PM 2	—
製造例3	92.0	—	DMAPAA 4	PM 4	—
製造例4	91.5	—	DMAPAA 4	PM 4	DMAA 0.5
製造例5	92.0	—	DM 4	PM 4	—
製造例6	96.0	AA 4	—	—	—
製造例7	92.0	AA 4	DMAPAA 4	—	—
製造例8	92.0	AA 4	DM 4	—	—

[0032] The inside of Table 1, AM:acrylamide and PM:monochrome (2-methacryloiloxy-ethyl) acid phosphate, AA:acrylic acid, DMAPAA:dimethylaminopropyl acrylamide, DM:dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate, DMAA: Dimethyl acrylamide is shown.

[0033]

[Table 2]

	性状	
	固形分 (%)	粘度 (cps)
製造例1	10.4	7300
製造例2	10.3	8500
製造例3	10.5	8800
製造例4	10.8	5500
製造例5	10.8	7900
製造例6	10.4	6500
製造例7	10.4	7300
製造例8	10.5	6100

[0034] the example BKP of reference -- a Niagara style -- after adding a sodium carbonate as a pH regulator to the pulp which carried out beating with the beater and which was adjusted to Canadian standard freeness (C. S.F) 550ml -- further -- a sulfuric-acid band -- 0.5% for pulp -- the water dispersion of each acrylamide system macromolecule obtained in each example of manufacture which is added and is shown subsequently to Table 3 -- a paper reinforcing agent -- carrying out -- 0.5% for pulp -- it added, and it agitated and mixed to homogeneity. The obtained pulp slurry (pH6.5) is diluted to 0.5%, and it is basis-weight 100 g/m² with the TAPPI sheet machine. Paper making is carried out so that it may become, and it is 5 kg/m². Press dehydration was carried out for 2 minutes. Subsequently, in 100